Temporal Salvation

- I. The Bible makes a distinction between things which are temporal and things which are eternal.
 - 1. **2Co 4:18** While we look not at the things which are seen, but at the things which are not seen: for the things which are seen are temporal; but the things which are not seen are eternal.
 - 2. <u>Temporal</u> *adj.* 1. Lasting or existing only for a time; passing, temporary. Now rare or merged in 2. 2. Of or pertaining to time as the sphere of human life; terrestrial as opposed to heavenly; of man's present life as distinguished from a future existence; concerning or involving merely the material interests of this world; worldly, earthly. (Opp. to eternal or spiritual.)
- II. "Salvation" doesn't necessarily always refer to being saved from hell and given eternal life. Consider the definitions of the words:
 - 1. <u>Salvation</u> The action of <u>saving or delivering</u>; the state or fact of being saved. 1. a. The saving of the soul; the deliverance from sin and its consequences, and admission to eternal bliss, wrought for man by the atonement of Christ. 2. *gen*. Preservation from destruction, ruin, loss, or calamity.
 - 2. <u>Save</u> 1. *trans*. <u>To deliver</u> or rescue from peril or hurt; to make safe, put in safety. 2. *Theol*. To deliver (a person, the soul) from sin and its consequences; to admit to eternal bliss.
 - 3. Deliver 1. *trans*. To set free, liberate, release, rescue, save.
 - 4. "Salvation" or being "saved" can simply refer to being delivered from danger or hurt, or to being liberated or set free from something.
- III. There is more than one type of salvation in the scriptures.
 - 1. To be saved is to be delivered (Act 2:21 c/w Joe 2:32).
 - 2. There are salvations in scripture Thou art my King, O God: command deliverances for Jacob. (Psa 44:4).
 - A. David was saved from dying in battle (Psa 55:18).
 - B. We can be saved from death, tears (sorrow), and falling (Psa 116:4-8).
 - C. Men were saved from being killed at sea when they called upon the name of the Lord (Psa 107:23-30 c/w Psa 107:13 c/w Mat 8:25 c/w Mat 14:30).
 - 3. The scripture teaches that there is an *eternal salvation* that is by grace alone and is not conditioned on anything a person does, nor can a person lose it.
 - 4. But does the Bible always refer to eternal salvation when it speaks about being saved? Consider what the following verses say one must *do* to be saved:
 - A. Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ (Act 16:30-31), which is a work (Joh 6:28-29).
 - B. Get baptized (Mar 16:16).
 - C. Confess the Lord Jesus with your mouth AND believe that God raised Him from the dead (Rom 10:9) these are not the same thing either (Joh 12:42).
 - D. Call upon the Lord (Rom 10:13).
 - E. Repent with godly sorrow (2Co 7:10).
 - F. Remember the gospel that was preached to you (1Co 15:1-2).
 - G. Continue in the doctrine (1Ti 4:16).
 - H. Have other Christians pray for you (Phi 1:19).
 - I. Endure to the end (Mat 10:22).
 - J. Have children (1Ti 2:15).
 - K. Stay in a ship (Act 27:31).
 - 5. Are all the preceding verses referring to *eternal* salvation?
 - A. Obviously not. All these verses have one thing in common: the salvation being spoken of was conditioned on *works*.

- B. Work 1. Something that is or was done; what a person does or did; an act, deed, proceeding, business; in pl. actions, doings
- C. Eternal salvation is *not of works* (Rom 9:11; 2Ti 1:9; Tit 3:5).
- D. Any verse that attaches a condition that a person must fulfill (works) to be saved is not referring to eternal salvation.
- E. Therefore all the preceding verses that speak of salvation or being saved are not referring to *eternal* salvation, but rather to a *temporal* salvation.
- 6. What does temporal salvation by belief of the gospel save people from?
 - A. Ignorance of God's righteousness (Rom 10:1-3 c/w Rom 10:9).
 - B. Going about to establish their own righteousness (Rom 10:1-4 c/w Rom 10:9).
 - C. Deception and bondage (Eph 4:11-14; Joh 8:31-32).
 - D. The power of Satan and sin (Act 26:18; 2Ti 2:25).
 - E. Fear of death (**Heb 2:14-15**; **Act 16:27-31** c/w **Act 12:19**).
 - F. Chastisement from God for sin (Pro 1:20-33).
 - G. An untoward and wicked generation (Act 2:37-40).
- 7. What does temporal salvation by belief of the gospel save people unto?
 - A. Knowledge and assurance of eternal life (1Jo 5:13).
 - 1. Having eternal life is eternal salvation.
 - 2. Knowing you have eternal life is temporal salvation.
 - B. Knowledge and assurance of their election of God (1Th 1:4-6).
 - C. Fellowship with God and with believers of like faith (1Jo 1:1-3; Act 2:41-42,46).
 - D. Fullness of joy (1Jo 1:4).
 - E. Rest (Heb 4:1-10; Mat 11:28).
 - F. Victorious living (1Jo 5:4-5).